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The French Revolution. Q1. Fill in the blanks. i. On the morning of 14 July 1789, the city of Paris was in a state of alarm. ii. The Marseillaise is the national anthem of France composed by the poet Roget de L' Isle. iii. Louis XVI was executed publicly at the Place de la Concorde.

Course: History - Class 9, Topic: Chapter 1 – The French ...
The French Revolution was a period of major social upheaval that began in 1787 and ended in 1799. It sought to completely change the relationship between the nature of political power. It proceeded in a back-and-forth process between revolutionary and reactionary forces.

The French Revolution (French: Révolution (French: Révolution française [ev lysj f s z]) began in May 1789 when the Ancien Régime was abolished in favour of a constitutional monarchy. Its replacement in September 1792 by the First French Revolution - Wikipedia

French Revolution - Wikipedia

Modern European History Unit 6 – Revolutions French Revolution Fill-In The Blanks Exercise Directions: Use the terms in the bank below to fill in the blanks of the following paragraphs. Austria Bastille Committee of Public Safety Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen Directory Egypt Estates-General first consul French Revolution Girondins Great Fear guillotine Jacobins Louis ...

French-Revolution-Fill-In (3).docx - Modern European ...

François Furet rescued the academic study of the French Revolution from an entanglement with Marxism that had grown debilitating in the decades after World War II. French historiographers of that period tended to project backwards onto Robespierre all the romance of 1917, and likewise to view the Soviet Union as the successor state chosen by History to advance the cause.

What the Woke Terror shares with the French Revolution ...
The French Revolution – Fill in the Blank Put your answers in BOLD RED To the student: The following assignment will help you remember key events and figures from the program. At the seat of the French monarchy in ____1770_____, an alliance between _____ France_____ and _____ was created as King Louis XVI married Marie Antoinette.

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Copy of The French Revolution /u2013 Fill in the Blank.pdf ...
French Revolution Fill In The Blanks? At the seat of the French monarchy in Versailles, an alliance between France and Australia was created as King Louis XVI married Marie Antoinette. The king had...

The Paris Commune, formed at the inception of the Revolution in 1789, was a government separate from the National Assembly, and remained separate from its successor, the Convention. The Commune was dominated by the Jacobin club. Of the 24 deputies from Paris in the National convention, 21 were with the Mountain faction.

A legacy of the Age of Enlightenment, the motto "Liberté, Egalité, Fraternité" first appeared during the French Revolution. Although it was often called into question, it finally established itself under the Third Republic.

The Radicalization of the French Revolution – Seventh ...

Liberty, Equality, Fraternity - Ministry for Europe and ...

Video #3 – The French Revolution Fill in the Blanks. We are now going to head into the past to help us understand how our modern ideas of nationalism.

Q1(CBSE 2010): Which Revolution gave the ideas of Liberty, Freedom and Equality to the world? (a) The American Revolution (b) The French Revolution (c) The Russian Revolution (d) None of these Q2: Which of the following is true about 'Bastille Storming'? (a) It was a fortress prison in France (b) It symbolized despotic powers of the French king.

Class 9 - SSt - Ch1 - French Revolution (MCQs)(#eduvictors ...

Jayce_Belfour_-_Video_3_-_The_French_RevolutionFill_in_the ...

French Revolution Fill in the gaps on this sheet using the words at the bottom of the page. There was a revolution in FRANCE in 1789. The ruler of France before the Revolution was King LOUIS XVI.

Lengua y Cultura III: The causes of the French Revolution
The French Revolution was a violent political movement that took place in the late 18th century. The unrest in France began during the reign of King Louis XVI, whose spending decisions had led the country into debt. In order to solve this problem, Louis XVI called on an assembly of French citizens to vote on what to do.

The French Revolution | EnglishClub Participants in the Revolution stormed the Basi

Participants in the Revolution stormed the Bastille fort, which was being used as a prison. The Revolution is the basis for Charles Dickens' book 'A Tale of Two Cities'. Around 10,000 African slaves were freed during the Revolution. One of the main ringleaders of the Revolution was Maximilien de Robespierre.

The French Revolution Fact File (teacher made)
The French Revolution was a major event in modern European history. The causes of the French Revolution were many: the monarchy's severe debt problems, high taxes, poor harvests, and the influence of new political ideas and the American Revolution, to mention only a few.

List of 10 Major Events of the French Revolution - History ...
The French Revolution began in 1789 as an Enlightenment experiment. In 1793, however, the Jacobins, led by Robespierre, tried to turn France into a Rousseauian theme park — where the people were sans private possessions and sans self-interest, but were suborned to the state ("the general will ") — by destroying the rich. The Jacobins also wanted to export the 'benedictions' of Revolution via the barrel of a cannon.

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